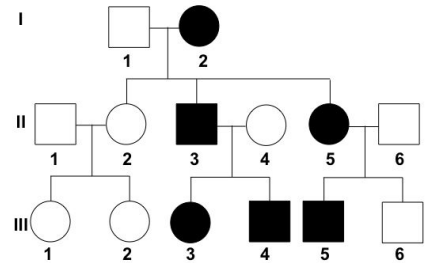




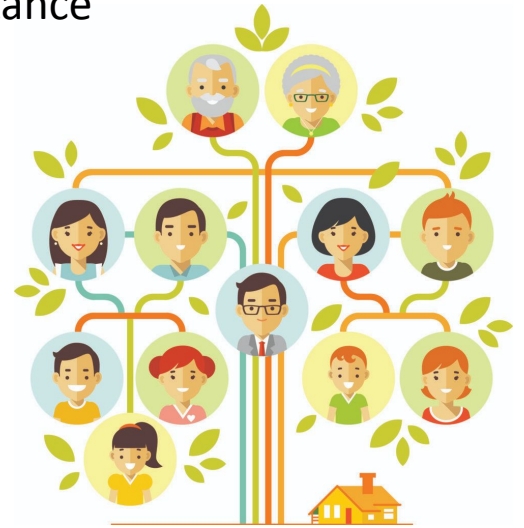
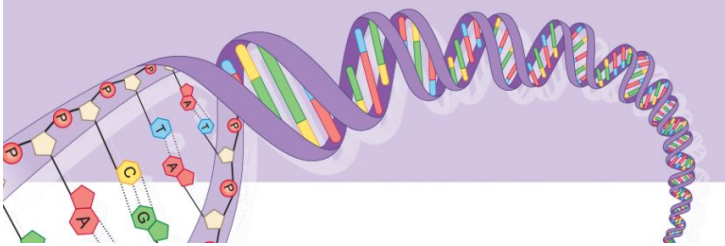
# Genetics

Berkeley Math Circle  
Beginners I-II



# Genetics

Genetics is the study of traits and their inheritance

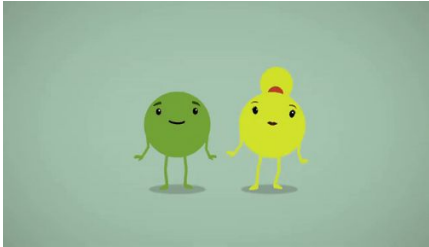


# Vocabulary

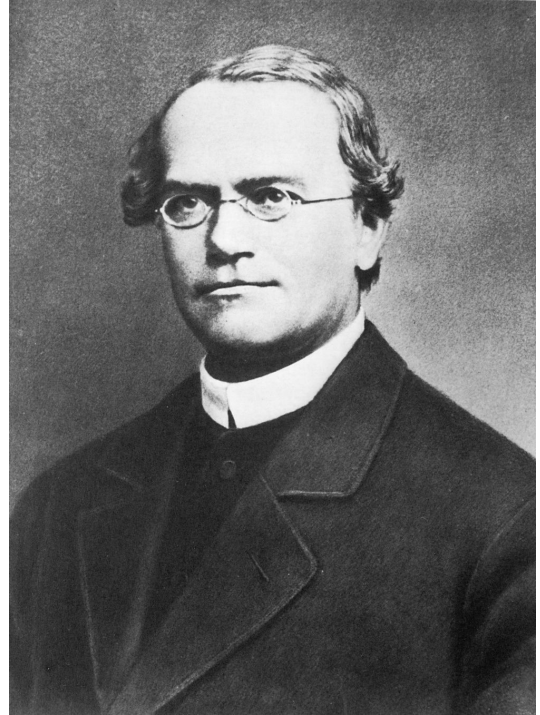
- Genes – heritable unit that determine traits
- Traits – physical characteristics

# Gregor Mendel (~~1802-1884~~)

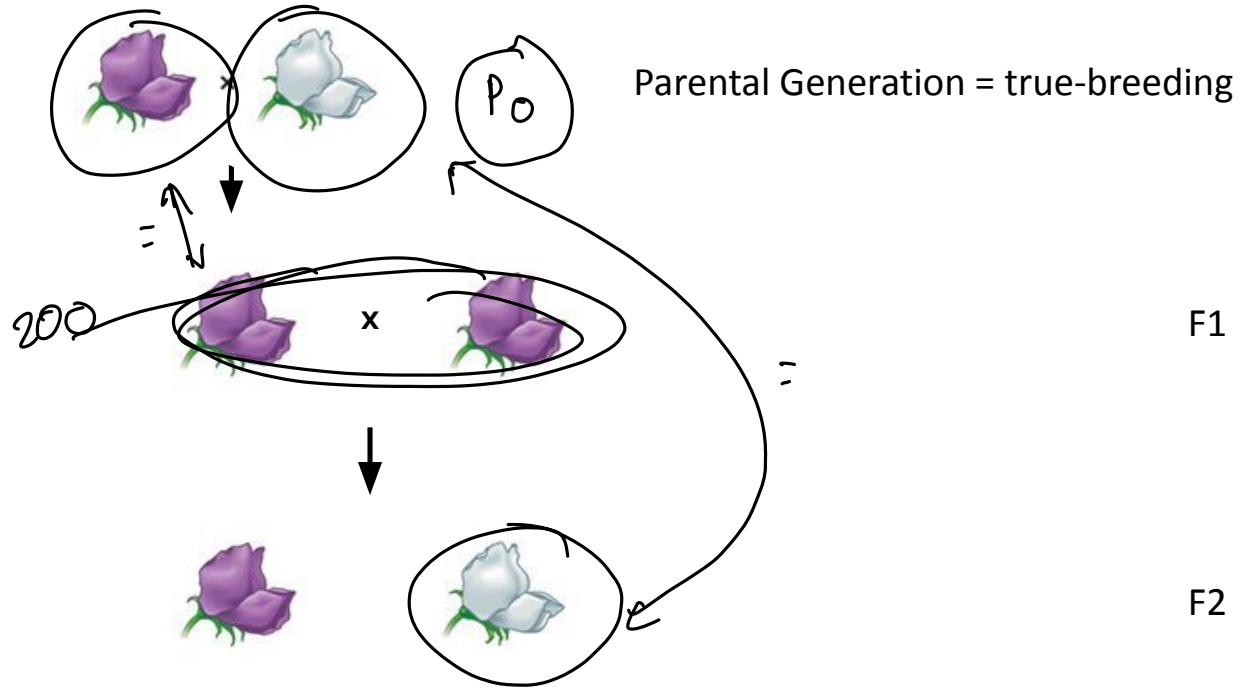
- Father of Genetics



x = mating or crossing



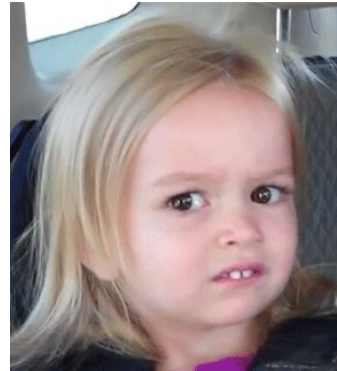
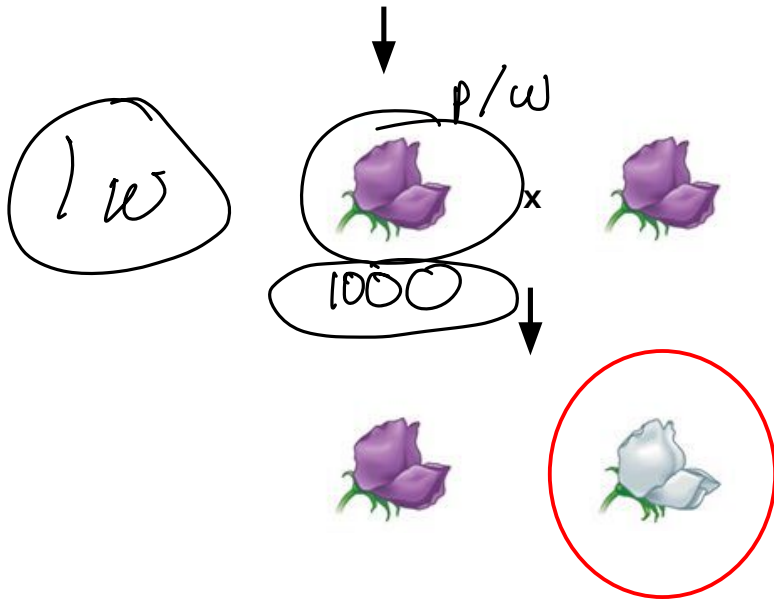
# First Experiment



# First Experiment



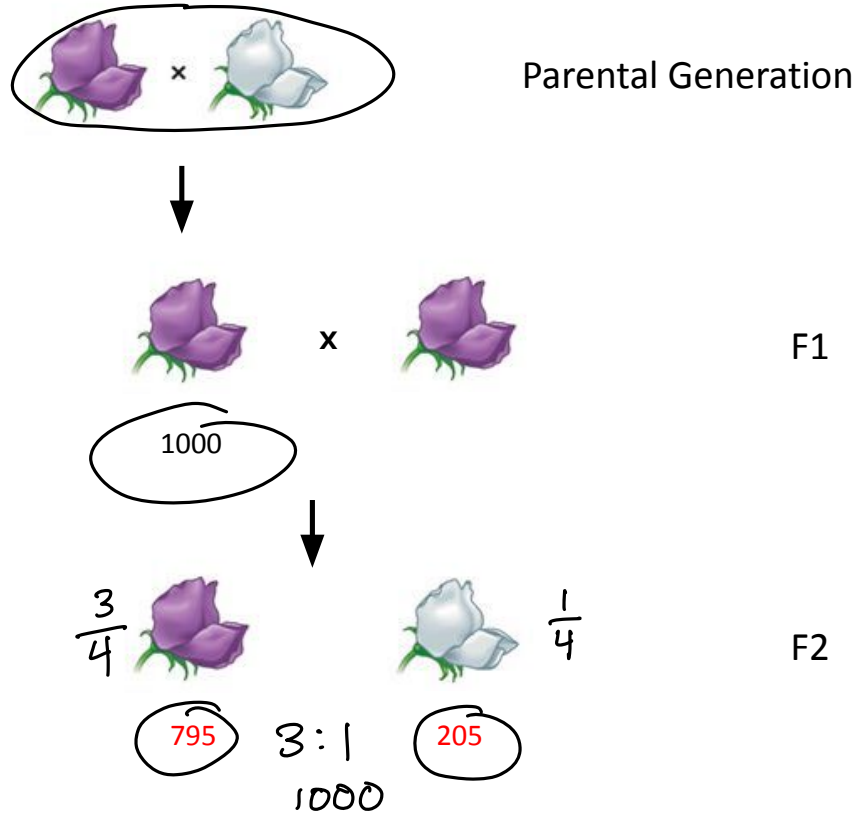
Parental Generation = true-breeding



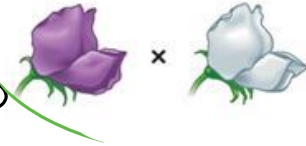
F1

F2

# First Experiment



Mendel's 1st Law:  
Law of segregation



Parental Generation



F1



795



205

F2





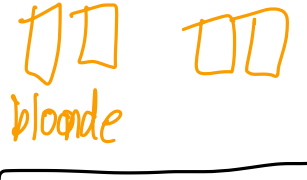
# Vocabulary

- Genes – heritable unit that determine traits
- Traits – physical characteristics
- Allele – different versions of a gene

• Recessive

• Dominant

Dominant allele outcompetes recessive allele



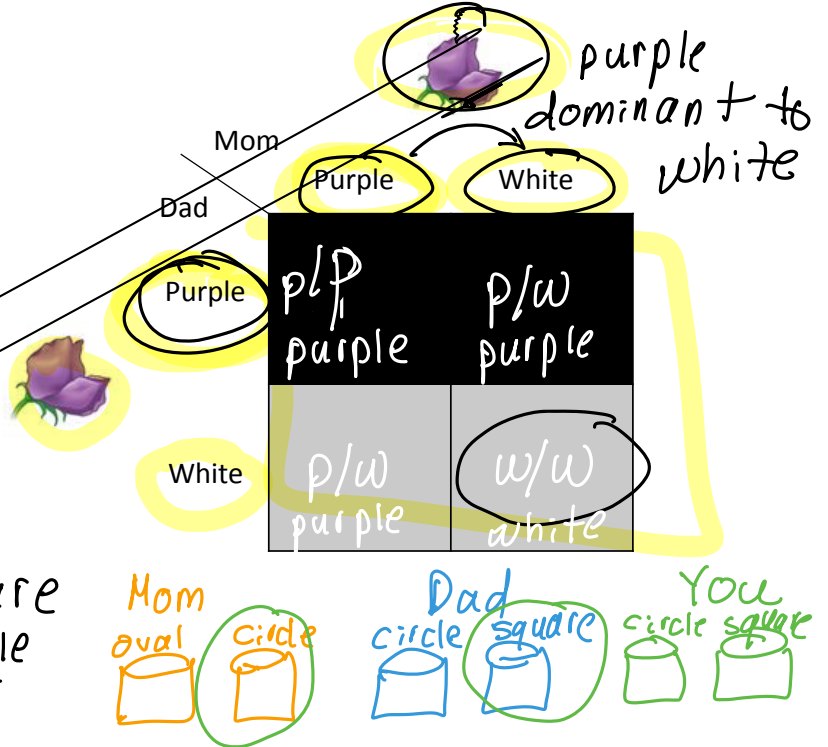
# Alleles – Dominant and recessive



Each parent carries a bucket of paint and chooses one color to contribute to their offspring

head shape  
two buckets

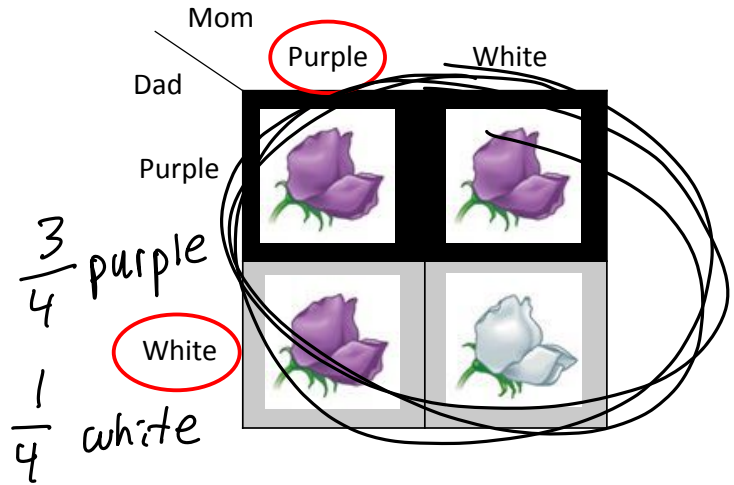
oval  
circle  
square  
rectangle  
cylinder



# Alleles – Dominant and recessive



Each parent carries a bucket of paint and chooses one color to contribute to their offspring

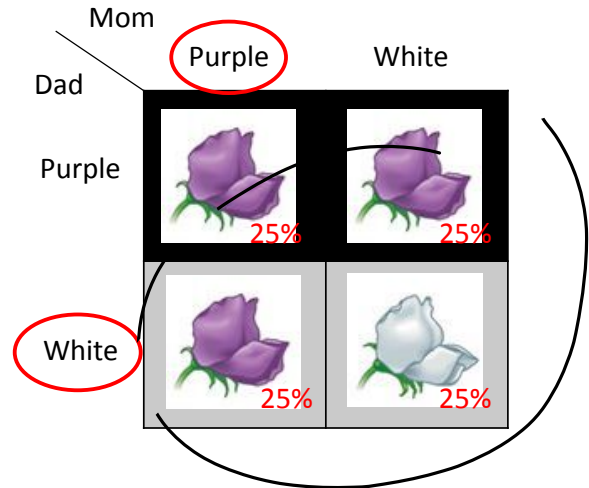


Purple paint is dominant to white paint

# Alleles – Dominant and recessive

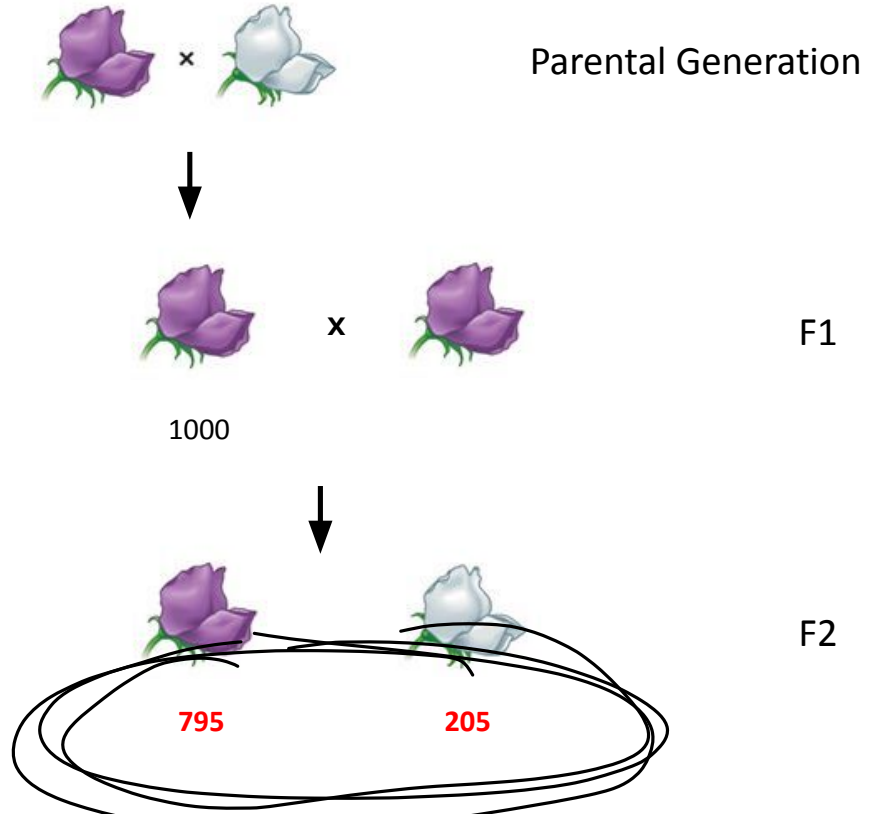


Each parent carries a bucket of paint and chooses one color to contribute to their offspring



Purple paint is dominant to white paint

Mendel's 1st Law:  
Law of segregation



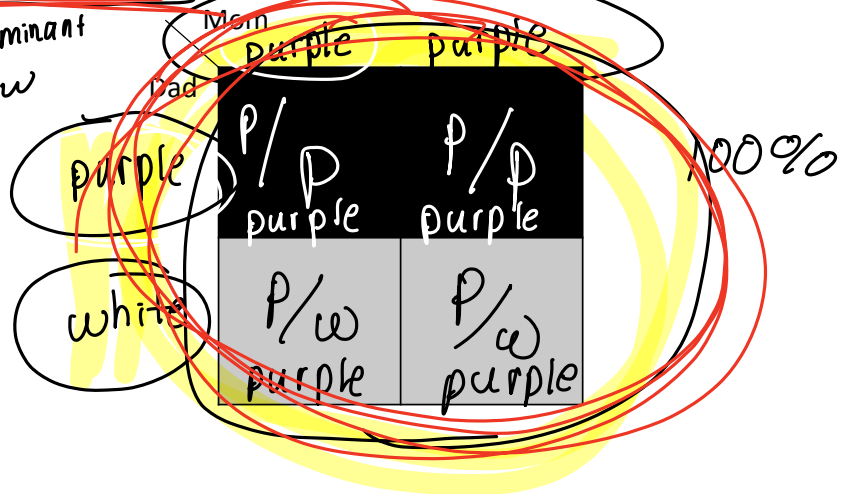
# Mendel's flower garden

A BMC'er crosses (mates) a **purple/purple** flower with a **purple/white** flower, what is the probability that an offspring flower is purple? Purple **and** carries a white allele?

→ 50% P dominant  
w

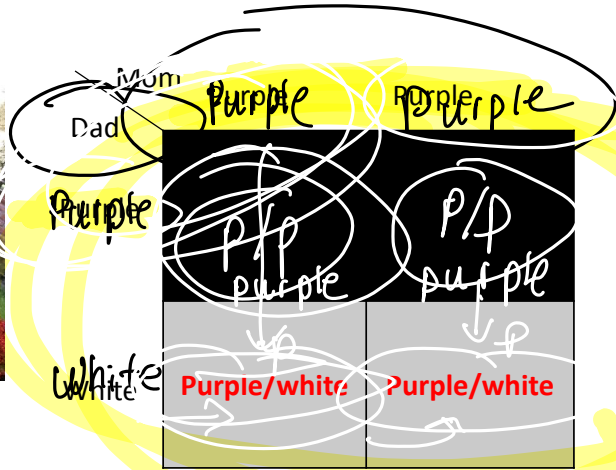


Blue      Hazel      Green  
 blue/green      hazel/green  
green/green



# Mendel's Flower Garden

Gregor Mendel crosses (mates) a **purple/purple** flower with a **purple/white** flower, what is the probability that an offspring flower is purple? Purple **and** carries a white allele?

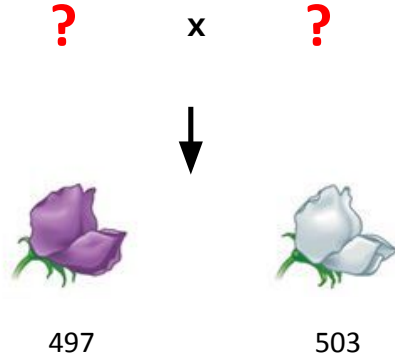


All purple offspring

50% chance that offspring carries white allele

# Mendel's flower garden

Gina the Geneticist breeds 1,000 flowers in his garden and observes 497 purple flowers and 503 white flowers. What alleles do the parent flowers carry?





# Pig tails

Mother pig has two alleles for straight tail, and Father Pig has two alleles for curly tail. If curly tail is dominant to straight tail, what is the probability that their baby pigs will have straight tails?



*Mother*

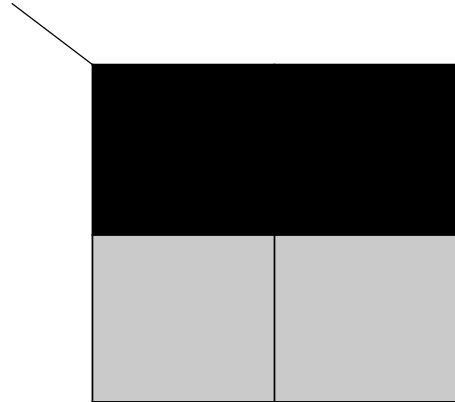
*Father*

|              | <i>straight</i>            | <i>straight</i> |
|--------------|----------------------------|-----------------|
| <i>curly</i> | <i>s/c</i><br><i>curly</i> | <i>s/c</i>      |
| <i>curly</i> | <i>s/c</i>                 | <i>s/c</i>      |

0%

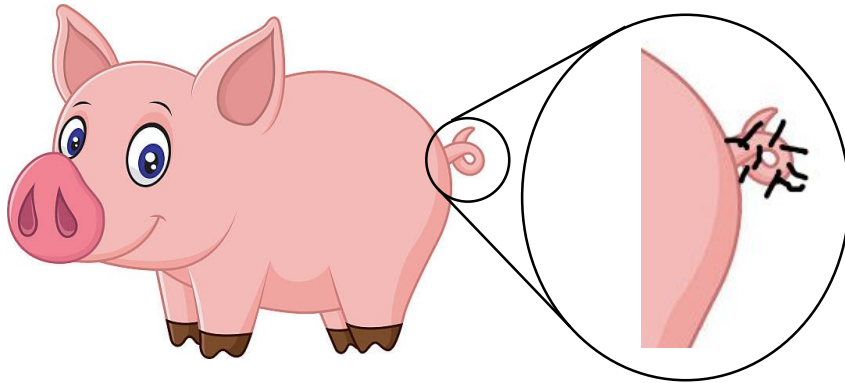
# Pig tails

Sally Pig has a curly tail. If both Mother Pig and Father Pig have curly tails and Brother Pig has a straight tail, what is the probability Sally is heterozygous for tail shape? (Heterozygous means having both a dominant and a recessive allele)

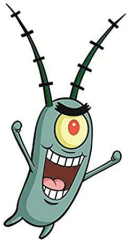
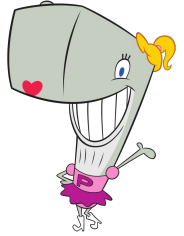
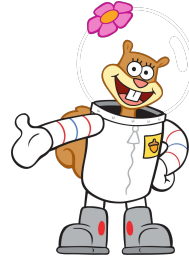
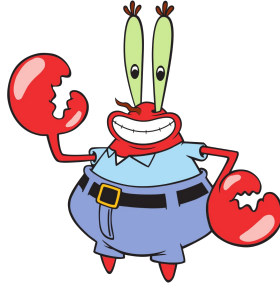


# Hairy pig tails...?

Gina the Geneticist decides to inspect her pigs' tails a little more closely and finds that not only are there differences in shape but also hairiness. If Mama Pig has a hairy curly tail (heterozygote) and Papa Pig has a non-hairy straight tail, what is the probability Baby Pig has a hairy curly tail? Hairy is dominant to smooth. Curly is dominant to straight.



# Bikini Bottom Genetics



# Mendel's 2<sup>nd</sup> Law

## 2<sup>nd</sup> Experiment – 2 traits

Parental

F1

F2



x



x



?



## 2<sup>nd</sup> Experiment – 2 traits

Parental



x



F1



x



F2



565



192

183



60

# Vocabulary

- Genes – heritable unit that determine trait
  - Traits – physical characteristics
  - Allele – different versions of a gene
  - Recessive
  - Dominant
- Dominant allele outcompetes recessive allele
- **Independent** assortment – traits that mathematically/genetically distribute independently of each other from parent to offspring



# 2<sup>nd</sup> Experiment

Parental



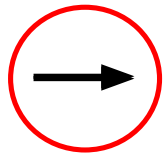
x



F1



x



F2



565



192



183

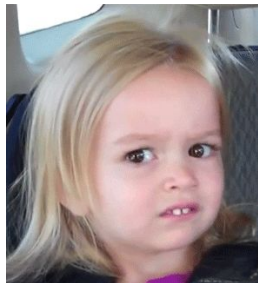
?



60



# 2<sup>nd</sup> Experiment



## Mendel's 2<sup>nd</sup> Law: Law of **independent** assortment



Yellow/green, smooth/wrinkled

- Yellow, smooth
- Yellow, wrinkled
- Green, smooth
- Green, wrinkled

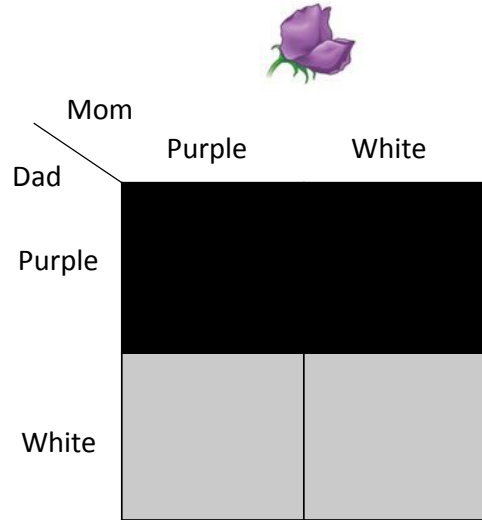
~~From Mendel's 1st Law:~~

















~~(Yellow, smooth)/(green, wrinkled)~~

- ~~• Yellow, smooth~~
- ~~• Green, wrinkled~~























Each parent carries a bucket of paint and chooses one color to contribute to their offspring

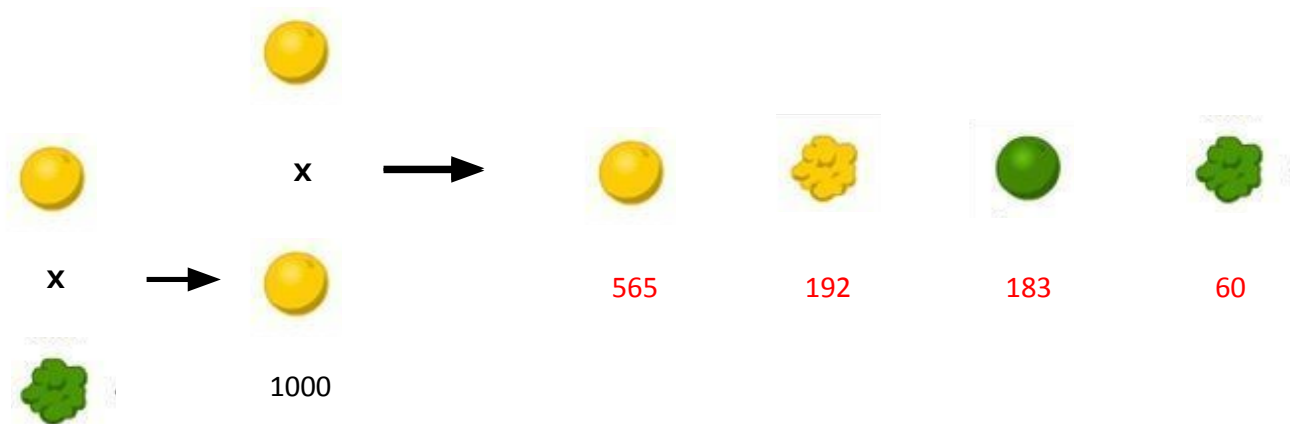


|                 | Yellow Smooth   | Yellow Wrinkled   | Green Smooth  | Green Wrinkled   |
|-----------------|---|---|---|--|
| Yellow Smooth   |  |  |  |  |
| Yellow Wrinkled |  |  |  |  |
| Green Smooth    |  |  |  |  |
| Green Wrinkled  |  |  |  |  |

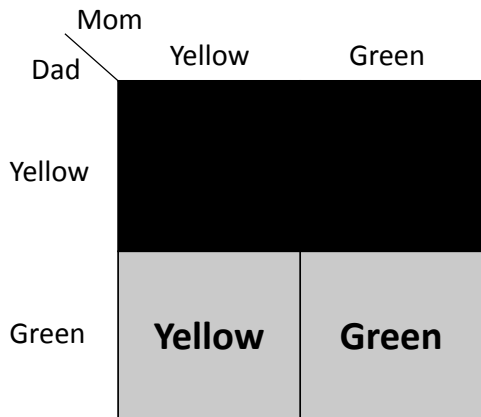
**Mendel's 2<sup>nd</sup> Law:**  
**Law of independent assortment**

|                 | Yellow Smooth   | Yellow Wrinkled   | Green Smooth  | Green Wrinkled   |   |      | Out of 1000 offspring |
|-----------------|---|---|---|--|---|------|-----------------------|
| Yellow Smooth   |  |  |  |  |  | 9/16 | 562.5                 |
| Yellow Wrinkled |  |  |  |  |  | 3/16 | 187.5                 |
| Green Smooth    |  |  |  |  |  | 3/16 | 187.5                 |
| Green Wrinkled  |  |  |  |  |  | 1/16 | 62.5                  |

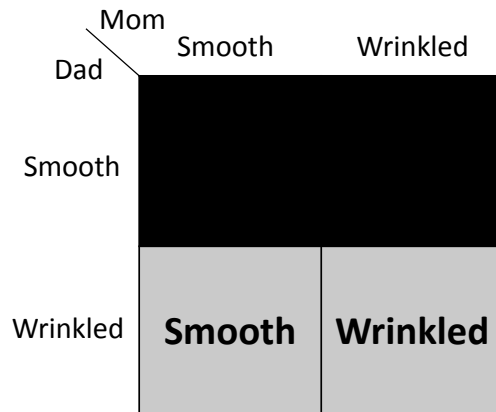
Mendel's second law:  
Law of **independent**  
assortment



# Why independent?



Color



Texture



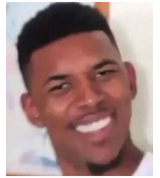
Why **independent**... do the probabilities match?

|        | Mom    | Dad   |
|--------|--------|-------|
| Yellow | Yellow | Green |
| Green  | Yellow | Green |
|        | 25%    | 25%   |
|        | 25%    | 25%   |

Color

|          | Mom    | Dad      |
|----------|--------|----------|
| Smooth   | Smooth | Wrinkled |
| Wrinkled | Smooth | Wrinkled |
|          | 25%    | 25%      |
|          | 25%    | 25%      |

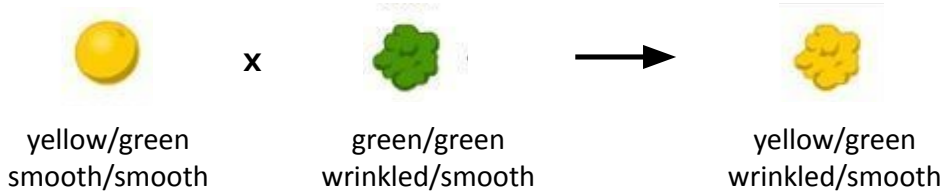
Texture



Practice

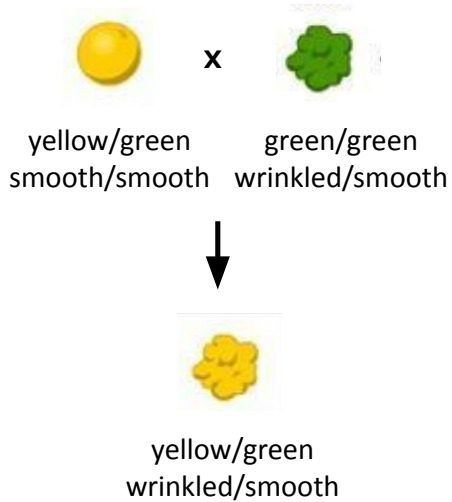
# Two genes

Given the traits of the parents below, what is the probability an offspring is yellow/green **AND** wrinkled/smooth? Yellow is dominant to green. Wrinkled is dominant to smooth



Probability?

# Solution 1



Probability?

|     |                | Mom           |               |              |              |
|-----|----------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|
|     |                | Yellow Smooth | Yellow Smooth | Green Smooth | Green Smooth |
| Dad | Green Wrinkled | y/g<br>w/s    | y/g<br>w/s    | g/g<br>w/s   | g/g<br>w/s   |
|     | Green Smooth   | y/g<br>s/s    | y/g<br>s/s    | g/g<br>s/s   | g/g<br>s/s   |
|     | Green Wrinkled | y/g<br>w/s    | y/g<br>w/s    | g/g<br>w/s   | g/g<br>w/s   |
|     | Green Smooth   | y/g<br>s/s    | y/g<br>s/s    | g/g<br>s/s   | g/g<br>s/s   |

1/4

# Solution 2



yellow/green wrinkled/smooth

Probability?

|       |     |             |       |
|-------|-----|-------------|-------|
|       | Mom | Yellow      | Green |
| Dad   |     | [Black box] |       |
| Green |     | [Black box] |       |
|       |     | 25%         | 25%   |
| Green |     | y/g         | g/g   |
|       |     | 25%         |       |

Color

|          |     |             |        |
|----------|-----|-------------|--------|
|          | Mom | Smooth      | Smooth |
| Dad      |     | [Black box] |        |
| Wrinkled |     | [Black box] |        |
|          |     | 25%         | 25%    |
| Smooth   |     | s/s         | s/s    |

Texture

$$\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{4}$$

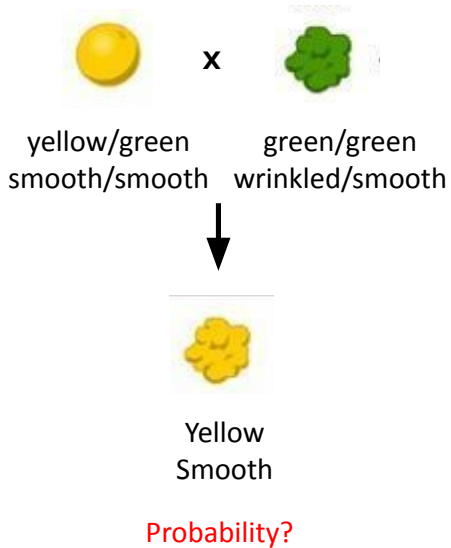
# Two genes

Given the traits of the parents below, what is the probability an offspring pea plant is yellow **AND** smooth? Yellow is dominant to green. Wrinkled is dominant to smooth.



Probability?

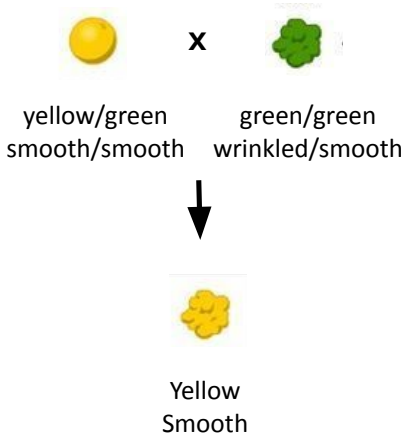
# Solution 1



|                | Yellow Smooth | Yellow Smooth | Green Smooth | Green Smooth |
|----------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| Green Wrinkled |               |               |              |              |
| Green Smooth   |               |               |              |              |
| Green Wrinkled |               |               |              |              |
| Green Smooth   |               |               |              |              |

$\frac{1}{4}$

# Solution 2



Probability?

|     |       |        |       |
|-----|-------|--------|-------|
|     | Mom   | Yellow | Green |
| Dad | Green | 25%    |       |
|     | Green | Yellow | Green |
|     |       | 25%    |       |

Color

|     |          |        |        |
|-----|----------|--------|--------|
|     | Mom      | Smooth | Smooth |
| Dad | Wrinkled | 25%    |        |
|     | Smooth   | Smooth | Smooth |
|     |          | 25%    |        |

Texture

$$\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{4}$$



# Two genes

Given the traits of the parents below, what is the probability an offspring is yellow/green **OR** wrinkled/smooth?



x



yellow/green  
smooth/smooth

green/green  
wrinkled/smooth

# Two genes

Given the traits of the parents below, what is the probability an offspring pea plant is yellow **OR** smooth? Yellow is dominant to green. Wrinkled is dominant to smooth.



x

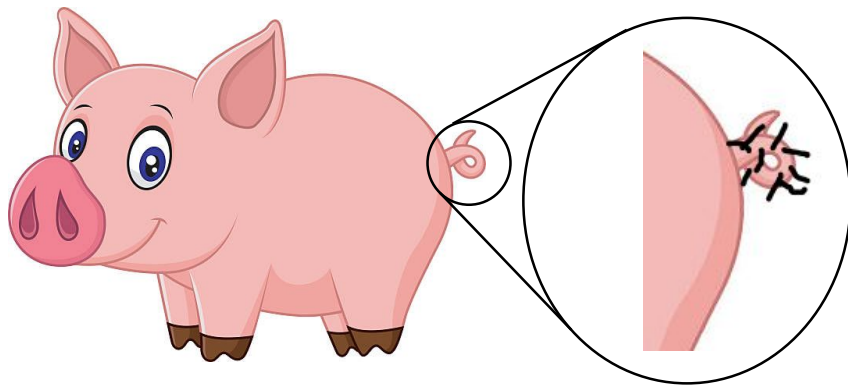


yellow/green  
smooth/smooth

green/green  
wrinkled/smooth

# Hairy pig tails!

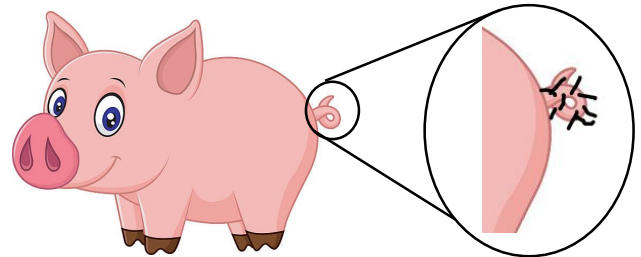
Gina the Geneticist decides to inspect her pigs' tails a little more closely and finds that not only are there differences in shape but also hairiness. If Mama Pig has a hairy curly tail (heterozygote) and Papa Pig has a non-hairy straight tail, what is the probability Baby Pig has a hairy curly tail? Hairy is dominant to smooth. Curly is dominant to straight.



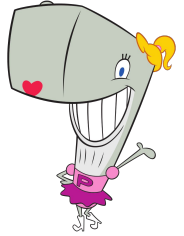
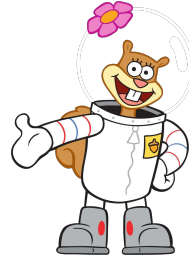
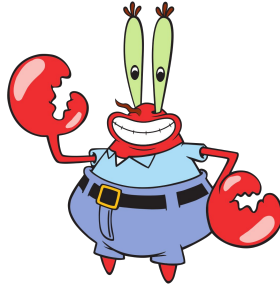
# Wrinkled hairy pigtails...?

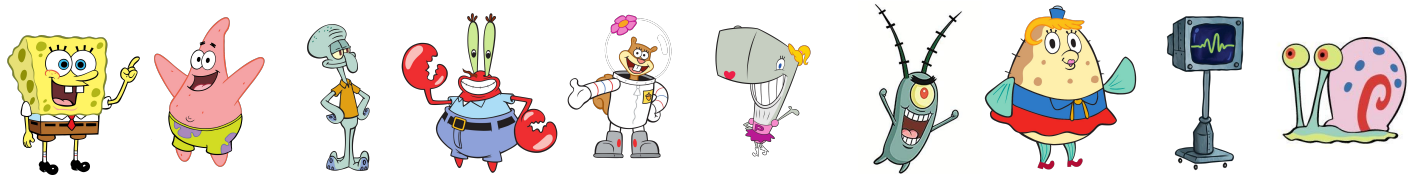
Given the allele combinations of Mama and Papa Pig, what is the probability Baby Pig is **wrinkled/smooth, hairy/hairy, curly/straight**?  
The three genes **independently** assort.

|          | Texture         | Hairiness      | Straightness   |
|----------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Mama Pig | smooth/smooth   | hairy/hairless | curly/curly    |
| Papa Pig | wrinkled/smooth | hairy/hairless | curly/straight |



# Bikini Bottom Genetics





| Name              | Spongebob            | Patrick              | Squidward            | Mr. Krabs            | Sandy                | Pearl                | Plankton             | Mrs. Puff            | Karen                | Gary                 |
|-------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| <b>Eye</b>        | blue<br>blue         | black<br>blue        | green<br>black       | blue<br>green        | green<br>green       | blue<br>green        | black<br>black       | green<br>black       | black<br>black       | green<br>green       |
| <b>Earlobe</b>    | attached<br>attached | detached<br>detached | attached<br>detached | attached<br>detached | detached<br>detached | attached<br>attached | attached<br>attached | detached<br>detached | attached<br>detached | attached<br>detached |
| <b>Krabbiness</b> | unkrabby<br>unkrabby | krabby<br>unkrabby   | krabby<br>unkrabby   | krabby<br>krabby     | krabby<br>krabby     | krabby<br>unkrabby   | unkrabby<br>unkrabby | Krabby<br>unkrabby   | krabby<br>krabby     | unkrabby<br>unkrabby |
| <b>Height</b>     | short<br>short       | medium<br>short      | tall<br>short        | medium<br>short      | medium<br>tall       | tall<br>tall         | short<br>short       | medium<br>medium     | medium<br>short      | short<br>short       |
| <b>Handedness</b> | right<br>right       | toe<br>toe           | left<br>toe          | toe<br>right         | left<br>left         | right<br>left        | left<br>left         | toe<br>right         | right<br>right       | toe<br>toe           |

### Eye color

- Black dominant to blue
- Blue dominant to green
- Green dominant to black

### Earlobe

- Attached dominant to detached

### Krabbiness

- Krabby dominant to unkrabby

### Height

- Medium dominant to tall
- Tall dominant to short
- Medium dominant to short

### Handedness

- Right dominant to left
- Left dominant to toe
- Toe dominant to right

# Genetic pedigrees

What is the most likely allele combination of Mrs. Higginbottom?

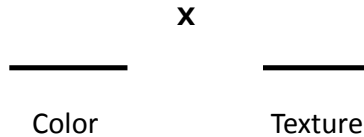
Mendel's second law:  
Law of **independent**  
assortment



What are the allele combinations of this pea plant?



# Combinations – 2 genes



From Mendel's 1st Law

Yellow/green, smooth/wrinkled

- Yellow, smooth
- Yellow, wrinkled
- Green, smooth
- Green, wrinkled

~~From Mendel's 1st Law~~

~~(Yellow, smooth)/(green, wrinkled)~~

- ~~• Yellow, smooth~~
- ~~• Green, wrinkled~~

# Combinations – 2 genes

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & \times & 2 \\ \hline & & \\ \text{Color} & & \text{Texture} \end{array}$$



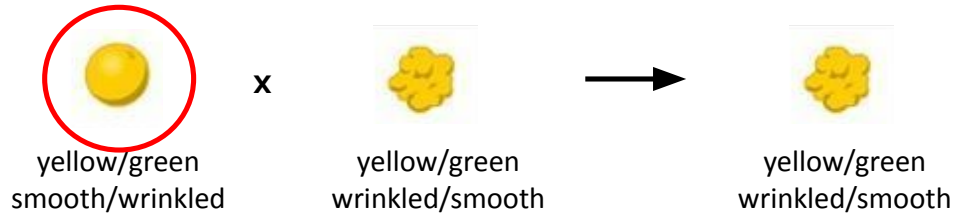
From Mendel's 1st Law

Yellow/green, smooth/wrinkled

- Yellow, smooth
- Yellow, wrinkled
- Green, smooth
- Green, wrinkled

# Two genes

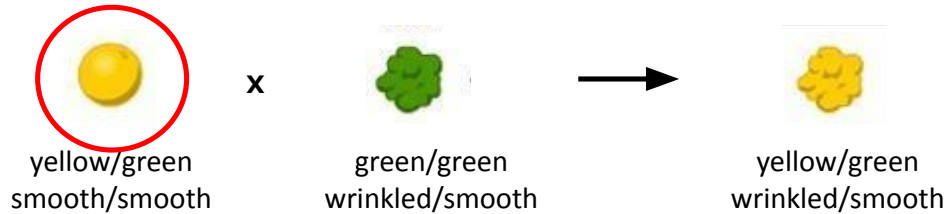
Given the traits of the parents below, how many **different** allele combinations can the yellow parent pea plant contribute?



# of allele combinations?

# Two genes

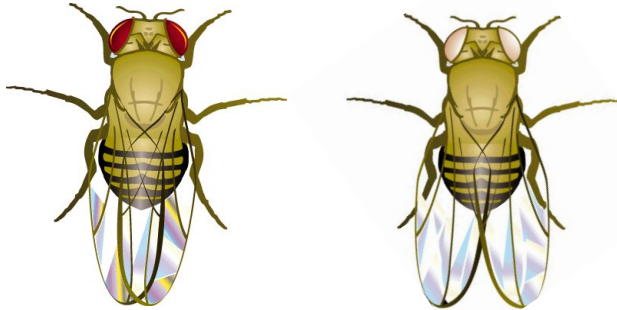
Given the traits of the parents below, how many **different** allele combinations can the yellow parent pea plant contribute?



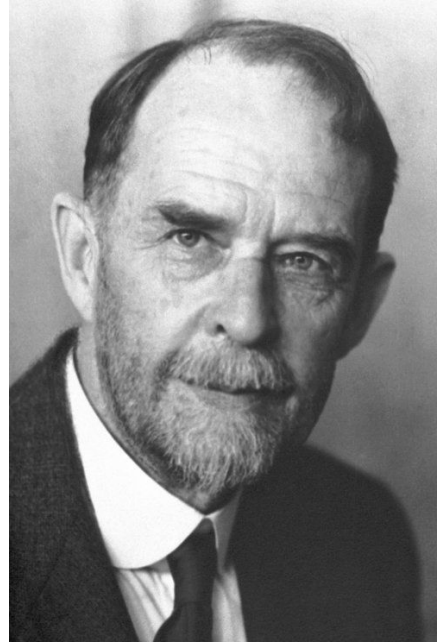
# of allele combinations?

# Sex-linked traits

- Thomas H. Morgan



*Drosophila Melanogaster* (common fruit fly)



P



♀ red-eyed female  
(wild type)

x



white-eyed male ♂



F<sub>1</sub>



♀ red-eyed females

x



red-eyed males ♂



F<sub>2</sub>



♀ red-eyed females

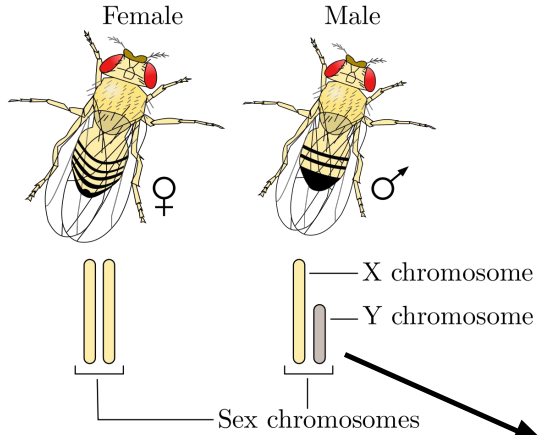


red-eyed males ♂

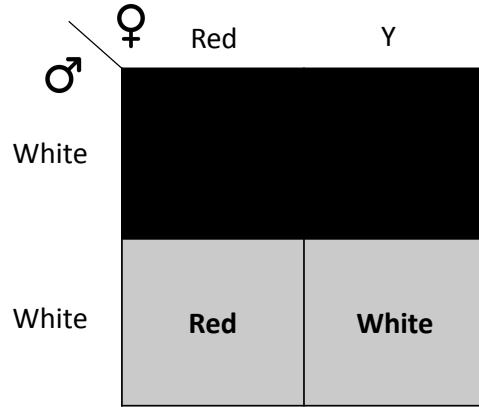


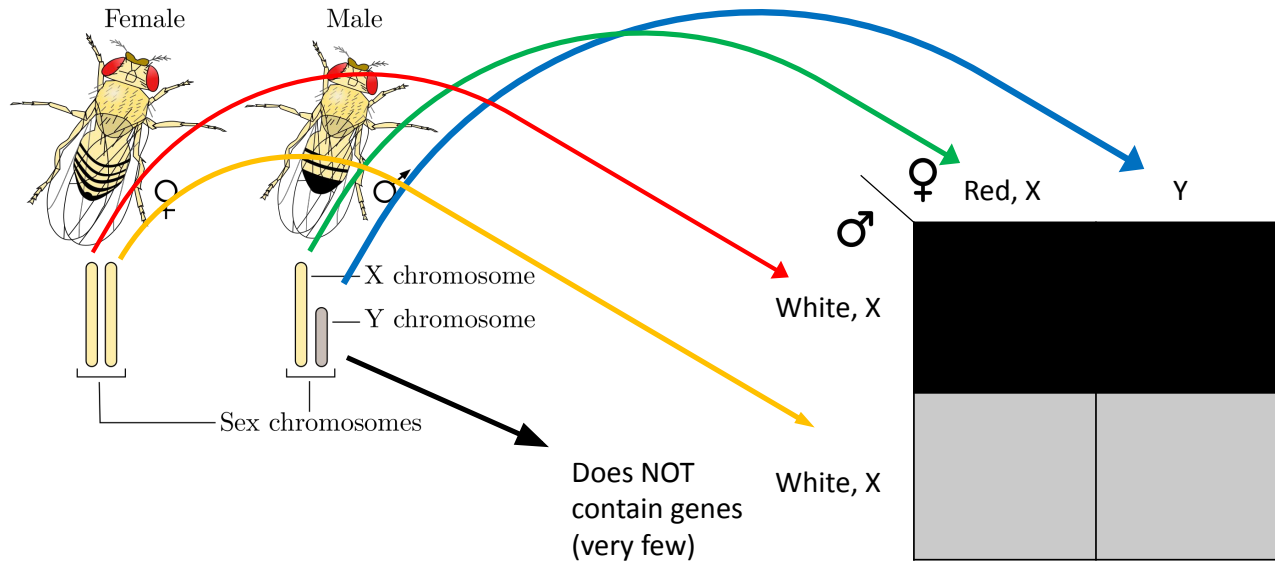
white-eyed males ♂

- Different phenotype frequencies observed between male and female
- NOTE: Observed when female holds double recessive genotype, not ALL crosses
- **Males only carry one allele for a sex-linked trait**

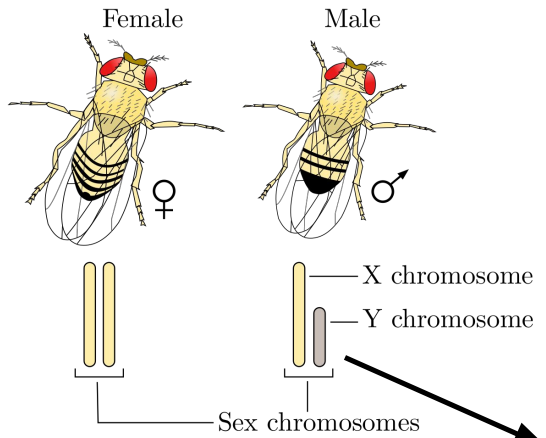


Does NOT  
contain genes  
(very few)

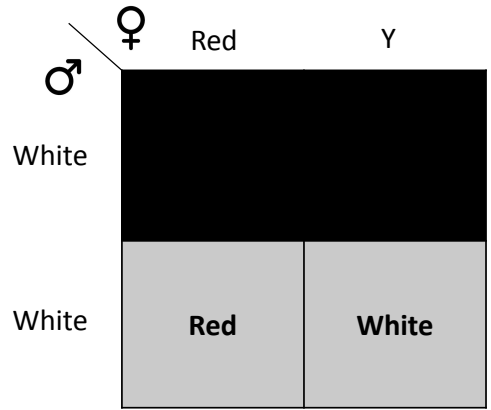








Does NOT  
contain genes  
(very few)



# Morgan's fruit fly nest

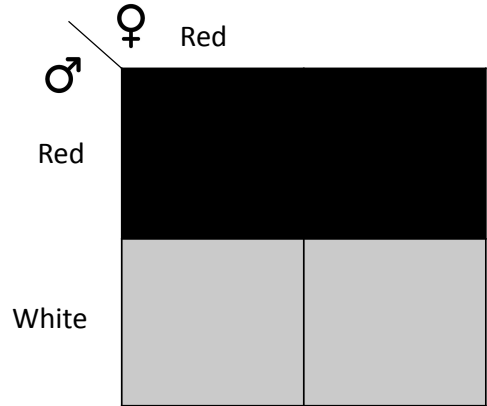
Gina the Geneticist wants to replicate... She observes the following data, what are possible genotypes of the parent flies?

| Eye color | Female | Male |
|-----------|--------|------|
| Red       |        |      |
| White     |        |      |

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Mary and Tyler have normal vision.

Challenge