Counting Fundamentals III: Counting, Adding, and Multiplying

Berkeley Math Circle, October 18, 2011 Joshua Zucker, joshua.zucker@stanfordalumni.org

- **Problem 1.** Arrange the numbers 1, 10, 100, 1000, ... in a 3 by 3 square, and look at the 8 possible sums: the three rows, the three columns, and the two diagonals. What is the smallest possible sum? What is the largest possible sum?
- **Problem 2.** A very large container is filled with red, green, and purple candies in equal numbers, so that each color is equally likely. You grab a handful of three candies without looking and toss them in your mouth. How many different flavor experiences are possible? Which of them are most or least likely?
- **Problem 3.** How many palindromes are between 12345 and 54321?
- **Problem 4.** How many 4-digit PINs (thus including things like 0164 as a four-digit "number") have no two adjacent digits equal?
- **Problem 5.** How many triangles are in each of the diagrams below? How many rectangles?



- **Problem 6.** Write a standard 10x10 multiplication table. What is the sum of all 100 numbers?
- Problem 7. How many squares are there on a chessboard? How many rectangles?
- Problem 8. What is the largest number of regions in the plane that can be created by *n* lines? What about *n* circles in the plane? What about two *n*-gons in the plane? What about *n* planes in space?
- **Problem 9.** How many ways are there to win by getting 5 in a row in 19x19 tic-tac-toe? How about 4 in a row in 4x4x4 tic-tac-toe?