

8. Distance, Altitude & Orthocenter: Answer Key

RECAP 1: New Vocabulary and Ideas

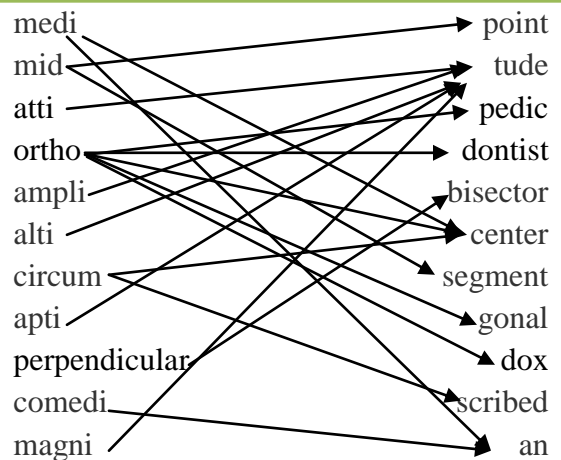
Check ALL correct answers. Explain your choice and provide details. (15 pts)

1. Which of the following are special *centers* for a triangle?
 - I. The intersection of the *medians* in a triangle.
 - II. The intersection of the *midsegments* of a triangle.
 - III. The intersection of the *altitudes* of a triangle.
 - IV. The intersection of the *diagonals* of a triangle.
 - V. The intersection of the *perpendicular bisectors* of the sides of a triangle.
2. To *drop a perpendicular* means:
 - I. To drop your right triangle.
 - II. To draw a perpendicular from a point to a line.
 - III. To go vertically down from a point.
 - IV. To draw the shortest route from a point to a line.
 - V. Half of the above.
3. The sentence “The orthocenter is *outside* your triangle.”:
 - I. Refers to a triangle *without* an orthocenter.
 - II. Is true for *every* triangle.
 - III. Makes *no* sense.
 - IV. Indicates that the triangle is *right*.
 - V. Implies there is an *obtuse* angle somewhere.

RECAP 2: Matching Words

Connect each word or part of a word on the left with its all possible continuations on the right and explain the meaning of the resulting word or expression.

(51 pts: 1 pt for word, 2 pts for definition)



1. *median*: a segment connecting a vertex of a triangle with the midpoint of the opposite side;
2. *medicenter*: the intersection point of the three medians in a triangle;
3. *midpoint*: the point in the middle of a segment;
4. *midsegment*: the segment connecting two midpoints of sides in a triangle;
5. *attitude*: the way you think and feel about someone or something;
6. *orthodontist*: a specialists who works in the branch of dentistry that deals with helping teeth to grow straight;
7. *orthocenter*: the intersection of the three altitudes in a triangle;

8. *orthogonal*: perpendicular; also straight or right;
9. *orthodox*: accepted as true or correct by most people; accepting and closely following the traditional beliefs and customs of a religion;
10. *orthopedics*: the branch of medicine that deals with the prevention or correction of injuries or disorders of the skeletal system and associated muscles, joints, and ligaments; *orthopedic*: (adjective) relating to orthopedics, e.g., orthopedic shoes.
11. *amplitude*: the extent or range of a quality, property, process, or phenomenon;
12. *altitude*: the segment that starts at a vertex of a triangle, is perpendicular to a side in a triangle, and stops at that side;
13. *circumcenter*: the center of the circumcircle of a triangle;
14. *circumscribed*: a figure that passes through the vertices of another figure and contains it;
15. *aptitude*: a natural ability, capacity for learning;
16. *perpendicular bisector*: a line that is perpendicular to and bisects a segment;
17. *comedian*: a person who performs in front of an audience and makes people laugh;
18. *magnitude*: the size, extent, or importance of something.